# 臺灣菸酒股份有限公司

# 113 年從業職員及從業評價職位人員甄試 試題



甄試職別:從業評價職位人員

甄試類別:所有甄選類組

-B:從業評價職位人員(一般類組)

- C:從業評價職位人員(原住民組)

- D:從業評價職位人員(身心障礙組)

測驗科目:共同科目

- 0002【國文、英文】

#### 一 作答注意事項 一

- ① 應考人須按編定座位入座,作答前應先自行檢查答案卡(卷)、入場通知書編號、座位標籤、應試科目是否相符,如有不同應立即請監試人員處理。使用 非本人答案卡(卷)作答者,該節不予計分。
- ② 答案卡(卷)須保持清潔完整,請勿折疊、破壞或塗改入場通知書編號及條碼, 亦不得書寫應考人姓名、入場通知書編號或與答案無關之任何文字或符號。
- ③ 本試題本為雙面印刷,答案卡(卷)每人一張,不得要求增補。未依規定劃記答案卡(卷)或書寫不清、污損、超出欄位外等,致讀卡機器無法正確判讀時,由 應考人自行負責,不得提出異議。
- ④ 選擇題限用 2B 鉛筆劃記。請按試題之題號,依序在答案卡上同題號之劃記答案處作答,並完全塗滿方格,不塗出方格外。未劃記者,不予計分。如答案要更改時,請用橡皮擦擦拭乾淨,再行作答,切不可留有黑色殘跡,或將答案卡污損,也切勿使用修正帶(液)。
- ⑤ 非選擇題:限用藍、黑色鋼筆或原子筆、修正帶(液)等文具作答。
- ⑥ 測驗期間嚴禁使用行動電話或其他具可傳輸、掃描、交換或儲存資料功能之電子通訊器材或穿戴式裝置(包括但不限於:微型耳機、智慧型手錶、智慧型手環、智慧型眼鏡、電子字典、個人數位助理機、呼叫器等),請關機並取消鬧鈴及整點報時裝置後,妥為收納不得使用,違者扣該節成績 20 分,續犯者該節不予計分。
- ⑦ 請務必將鐘錶之鬧鈴及整點報時功能關閉,若測驗中聲響經監試人員制止而 再犯者,扣該節成績 10 分;該鐘錶並由監試人員保管至該節測驗結束後歸 還。
- ⑧ 本項測驗僅得使用簡易型電子計算器(不具任何財務函數、工程函數、儲存程式、文數字編輯、內建程式、外接插卡、攝(錄)影音、資料傳輸、通訊或類似功能),且不得發出聲響。
- ⑨ 測驗結束鈴(鐘)響前不得離場,測驗期間擅自離場者,該節以零分計。測驗結束鈴(鐘)響前不得繳卷。測驗結束鈴(鐘)響即須停筆。測驗結束鈴(鐘)響後,若未繳交答案卡(卷)者,該節以零分計。繳卷時,應經監試人員驗收後始得離場。
- ⑩ 應考人於測驗當日每節測驗時間結束後,得向試場監試人員索取考畢之試題。 考生於應試期間應遵守簡章所載試場規則。違反規定者,經提報本考 試甄試委員會予以試場規則之條文規定議處。

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#### \*入場通知書編號:

- 注意: ① 本試題為雙面印刷,不含封面共計 3 頁,測驗題型分為【國文:四選一 單選選擇題 25 題,每題 2 分,占 50 分】與【英文:四選一單選選擇題 25 題,每題 2 分,合計 50 分】,總計 100 分。
  - ② 四選一單選選擇題限以 2B 鉛筆於答案卡上作答,請選出一個正確或最 適當答案,答錯不倒扣;以複選作答或未作答者,該題不予計分。
  - ③ 請勿於答案卡(卷)上書寫應考人姓名、入場通知書編號或與答案無關之 任何文字或符號。
  - ④ 答案卡(卷)務必繳回,未繳回者該節以零分計算。

## 壹、國文【第1-25 題,四選一單選選擇題25 題,每題2分,占50分】

- 1. 【B】黄宗羲〈原君〉云:「古之人君,量而不欲入者,許由、務光是也。」如黄 宗羲所述,許由、務光對於「君」之態度為何?

  - (A) 將欲取之,必先予之 (B) 勞心費神,退避三舍
  - (C) 己所不欲, 勿施於人 (D) 爾虞我詐, 先搶先贏
- 2. 【A】「五月行人少,西陲有火山;孰知泉沸處?遂使履行難。落粉銷危石,流黃 漬篆斑;轟聲傳十里,不是響潺湲。」詩中所描繪之景觀,應是何地?
  - (A) 北投 (B) 士林 (C) 平溪
- (D) 野柳
- 3. 【B】為感謝師長和藹親切之教導,宜用:
  - (A) 春風得意 (B) 春風化雨 (C) 滿面春風
- (D) 馬耳春風
- 4. 【A】「○○牙醫診所」即將開業,表示祝賀之應用文書,宜用:
  - (A) 題辭
- (B) 書信 (C) 東帖
- (D) 名片
- 5. 【D】〈師說〉:「李氏子蟠,年十七,好古文,六藝經傳,皆通習之。」「六藝」 是指:
  - (A) 禮、樂、射、御、書、術

- (B) 風、雅、頌、賦、比、興
- (C) 象形、指事、會意、形聲、轉注、假借 (D) 易、詩、書、禮、樂、春秋
- 6. 【A】《荀子·勸學》:「蓬生麻中,不扶而直;白沙在涅,與之俱黑。」下列成 語,何者寓有相同旨意?
  - (A) 孟母三遷
- (B) 三人成虎
- (C) 指鹿為馬
- (D) 蓬蓽生輝

- 7. 【C】「項莊舞劍,意在沛公。」「沛公」是指:
  - (A) 項羽
- (B) 劉備 (C) 劉邦
- (D) 劉秀
- 8. 【B】「何以解憂,唯有杜康。」「杜康」借指
  - (A) 菸
- (B) 酒 (C) 友
- (D) 師
- 9. 【D】柬帖封套中,常見「全家福」一詞,其作用為何?

  - (A) 祝對方全家幸福 (B) 表示誠摯心意之敬辭
  - (C) 懇請對方收受之啟封辭
- (D) 邀請對方全家賞光蒞臨
- 10. 【B】書信中常見「○○先生道鑒」之用法,「道鑒」之用意為何?
  - (A) 謙虛地向受信人表示身份
- (B) 恭敬地請受信人察閱信箴
- (C) 客氣地向受信人表達謝意
- (D) 嚴肅地向受信人表達抗議
- 11. 【D】「傅毅之於班固,伯仲之間耳,而固小之。」(《典論·論文》) 曹丕此言, 旨在敘明?
  - (A) 傅毅、班固,年紀相仿
- (B) 文人之間,互相仰慕
- (C) 傅毅、班固,勢均力敵
- (D) 文人之間,相互輕視
- 12. 【D】甲、「諸葛大名垂宇宙,宗臣遺像肅清高。」乙、「丞相祠堂何處尋,錦官 城外柏森森。」丙、「功蓋三分國,名成八陣圖。」丁、「若非先主垂三顧,誰識 茅廬一臥龍。」以上詩句,與「孔明」有關者為:
- (A) 甲乙 (B) 丙丁 (C) 乙丙丁
- (D) 甲乙丙丁
- 13. 【D】《世說新語·雅量》:「郗傅在京口,遣門生與王丞相書,求女婿。丞相語郗 信:『君往東廂,任意選之。』門生歸白郗曰:『王家諸郎亦皆可嘉,聞來覓婿, 咸自矜持,唯有一郎在東床上坦腹臥,如不聞。』郗公云:『正此好!』訪之, 乃是逸少(「逸少」,王羲之的「字」),因嫁女與焉。」都公之所以將女兒嫁給王 羲之,是因為王羲之:
  - (A) 鶴立雞群 (B) 目空一切 (C) 出類拔萃
- (D) 瀟灑率直
- 14. 【A】《世說新語·捷悟》:「魏武嘗過曹娥碑下,楊脩從。碑背上見題作『黃絹幼 婦,外孫齎臼』八字。」「黃絹幼婦,外孫齎臼」意指:
  - (A) 絕妙好辭
- (B) 曠古絕倫
- (C) 絕處逢生
- (D) 空前絕後
- 15. 【C】甲、「曹操、曹丕、曹植」; 乙、「蘇洵、蘇軾、蘇澈」; 丙、「袁宗道、袁宏 道、袁中道」;丁、「孫堅、孫策、孫權」。以上組合,「關係相同」者為?
  - (A) 甲乙丙
- (B) 乙丙丁
- (C) 甲乙丁
- (D) 甲丙丁
- 16. 【B】蘇軾一生,論人頗多;下列說明,何者有誤?
  - (A) 文起八代之衰,道濟天下之溺:評「韓愈」
  - (B) 作文如行雲流水,初無定質,但常行於所當行,止於所不可不止:評「歐陽修」
  - (C) 元輕白俗:評「元稹、白居易」 (D) 郊寒島瘦:評「孟郊、賈島」

17.	【D】「醉翁之意不在酒」, 語出歐陽修〈醉翁亭記〉; 在今日用法中, 此語旨在比喻:	27.	[C] costs in business are expected to increase due to inflation.
	(A) 用心良苦 (B) 匠心獨運 (C) 別出心裁 (D) 別有用心		(A) Inspiring (B) Declaring (C) Operating (D) Obtaining
18.	【D】姚燧〈壽陽曲〉:「貴妃親擎硯,力士與脫靴。御調羹就饗不謝。醉模糊將 嚇蠻書便寫,寫著甚楊柳岸曉風殘月。」曲中所涉及之詩詞名家,除李白外,另	28.	[D] Travis was in a rush and had time to eat breakfast before leaving for work.
	有: (A) 北京 (D) 兹斯 (C) 本志昭 (D) 哲文		(A) simply (B) nearly (C) fairly (D) hardly
19.	(A) 杜甫 (B) 蘇軾 (C) 李清照 (D) 柳永 【B】文字之使用,常有「實數虛用」之現象,下列選項,何者不屬之?	29.	[B] The between the rich and the poor is significant in developed countries.
	(A) 「一」清「二」楚 (B) 「三」從「四」德 (C) 「二」 # 「		(A) link (B) gap (C) mixture (D) haste
20	(C) 「五」顏「六」色 (D) 「七」嘴「八」舌	30.	[C] Regular breaks during work can improve concentration and overall
20.	【A】「做不成天空的星子,就做山上的燎火吧!做不成山上的燎火,就做屋中的 一盞燈吧!」文中由上而下敘述,此種修辭方式稱之為:		(A) residence (B) mechanism (C) productivity (D) obligation
	(A) 層遞 (B) 排比 (C) 錯綜 (D) 互文	31.	[A] The mail carrier will the letters and packages by tomorrow
21.	【C】《新五代史·雜傳》:「□□□□,國之四維;四維不張,國乃滅亡。」缺空處應填入:		afternoon. (A) deliver (B) propose (C) express (D) respond
	(A) 忠孝仁愛 (B) 仁義禮智 (C) 禮義廉恥 (D) 智信仁勇	32.	[D] The new system has greatly improved the of our team.
22.	【D】「是以郢書燕說,猶存其名;晉乘楚杌,語多可採。」如連横〈台灣通史序〉所述,史書具有何種功能?	33	(A) approval (B) suspicion (C) appointment (D) performance [B] The cold weather has left her feeling and depressed.
	(A) 解說古文 (B) 認識古語 (C) 瞭解國名 (D) 保存史料	33.	(A) shameful (B) miserable (C) sympathetic (D) abundant
23.	【D】「客從遠方來,遺我雙鯉魚;呼兒烹鯉魚,中有尺素書。」詩中所描繪之情境,應是:	_	
	(A) 宴客 (B) 賞魚 (C) 送禮 (D) 展信		· 文法測驗【請在下列各題中選出最適當的答案】
24.	【C】甲、「由此登堂入室、任君步月凌雲」; 乙、「刻刻催人資警醒、聲聲勸爾惜	34.	[A] Your proposed plan sounds; we will go over it next time.
	光陰」;丙、「雖是毫末技藝、卻是頂上功夫」;丁、「虛懸日月、朗照乾坤」。以上對聯,由頭至腳,正確之排列順序為:		(A) like a good idea (B) like good (C) to be good (D) a good idea
	(A) 甲乙丙丁 (B) 丁丙乙甲 (C) 丙丁乙甲 (D) 丁丙乙甲		[A] My mom wants to have her hair blue to look stylish.
25.	【C】「名豈文章著,官應老病休。飄飄何所似,天地一沙鷗。」(杜甫〈旅夜書		(A) dyed (B) to dye (C) been dyed (D) dyeing
	懷〉)下列選項,何者與本詩所透顯之情懷不合?	36.	[B] She decided to pursue her dreams the difficulties ahead.
	(A) 飄泊 (B) 無奈 (C) 灑脫 (D) 孤苦	37.	(A) although (B) regardless of (C) even if (D) no matter [C] The light was bright that I could not sleep.
煮	、英文【第 26-50 題,四選一單選選擇題 25 題,每題 2 分,占 50 分】		(A) too (B) not (C) so (D) far
<b>—</b> 、	字彙【請依照句子前後文意,選出最適當的答案】	38.	[C] I bought four shirts at the shop. One is black, and are white.
	. [A] Many companies are facing in adapting to rapidly changing		(A) others (B) the other (C) the others (D) another
	technology.	39.	[A] I don't want to go out. I would rather home.
	(A) challenges (B) characters (C) commands (D) contracts		(A) stay (B) staying (C) to stay (D) to staying

40.	B The offer is attractive to refuse.					Athens in 1896, which saw 241 athletes from 14 countries competing in 43 events. Although		
	(A) so	(B) too	(C) very	(D) not		there was initial support for holding the Games in Athens every four years, the IOC opted for		
41.	[D] All o	f today's flights l	have been cance	eled	the terrible weather.	a rotating host city model. Consequently, the 1900 Games were held in Paris, marking the first		
	(A) due	(B) except fe	for (C) s	ince (D) b	pecause of	inclusion of female athletes.		
<del>1</del> 2.	[D] I worked for Amazon from 2016 to 2020, during time I became the			020, during	time I became the	The Winter Olympic Games made their debut in 1924, showcasing sports like ice hockey		
	project manager.					and skating. Currently, the Summer Olympic Games include participation from over 200		
	(A) this	(B) these	(C) those	(D) which	ch	countries and feature around 300 events across seventeen days. Despite their widespread		
						popularity, the Games have encountered several hurdles. They were not conducted in 1916,		
三、克漏字測驗【請依照段落上下文意,選出最適當的答案】						1940, and 1944 due to global conflicts. Moreover, issues such as using banned substances to		
Driving in Japan can be a very convenient and safe experience; nonetheless, it is crucial						improve performance among athletes and the considerable expenses associated with hosting—		
to p	ay attention	to the local law	s and regulation	ns, including the	e processes for obtaining a	illustrated by the \$50 billion expenditure on the 2014 Winter Games in Sochi—underscore		
driv	er's license a	and renting a vel	nicle. 43 the	basic rules are	not that different from 44	ongoing worries. However, the Olympic Games continue to be a celebrated and highly		
		-	d, receiving a tr	affic ticket in Jap	an can involve quite distinct	anticipated global event.  46. 【一律給分】Which of the following is true about the ancient Olympics?		
oroc	cedures and o	outcomes.						
The diverse range of ticket categories and Japan's unique demerit point system can be somewhat <u>45</u> . When pulled over, you will be required to present your driver's license and residence card. In Japan, police are polite and may even offer an apology for causing you						<ul><li>(A) Spartans also competed in the games.</li><li>(B) The Roman Empire was never part of the competition.</li><li>(C) Both men and women could enter the competition.</li></ul>		
			=		you off the hook without	(D) The competition lasted for one week.		
	ishment.	nowever, this do	oesii t iiiipiy ti	at they will let	you on the hook without	47. <b>[D]</b> Which of the following games was NOT featured in the ancient Olympics?		
43.	[A] (A) V	While (B)	) Since	(C) Despite	(D) In case	(A) Tossing (B) Sprinting (C) Jumping (D) Swimming		
	[B] (A) tl		) those	(C) which	(D) where	48. 【一律給分】What was the primary reason the IOC chose a changing host city model		
	[C] (A) p		puzzled	(C) puzzling	(D) puzzlingly	for the Olympics?		
				( ) 1	( ) 1	<ul><li>(A) To increase global trade</li><li>(B) To make the games competitive.</li></ul>		
四、閱讀測驗【請依照段落上下文意,選出最適當的答案】						(C) To avoid having the games in one location		
With the first games ever documented in 776 BC, the Olympic Games have its roots						(D) To reduce costs		
almost three millennia ago in ancient Greece. These ancient contests, which took place in						49. [A] When did the modern Olympics begin?		
Olympia every four years, drew competitors from a number of Greek city-states and eventually						(A) At the end of the 19 <sup>th</sup> century (B) At the beginning of the 20 <sup>th</sup> century		
the Roman Empire. The games went on until 393 AD, when Theodosius I, the Christian Roman						(C) 1900 (D) 1924		
Emperor, outlawed them due to their promotion of worshipping false Gods. The ancient						50. <b>(B)</b> Which is the most appropriate title for the article?		
Olympics, which had competitions that lasted anywhere from one to five days, included sports						(A) The Rise and Fall of the Olympics		
including throwing, running, and jumping. Interestingly, competition was restricted to men.						(B) The Historical Development of the Olympics		
The International Olympic Committee (IOC) was founded in 1894, marking the						(C) The Obstacles Facing the Olympics (D) The Democratization of the Olympics		
beginning of the contemporary Olympic era. Greece hosted the inaugural modern Games in						(D) The Democratization of the Olympics		

試題完